Corrigendum


To clarify that the percentages are absolute percentage, the second sentence of the third paragraph of the introduction should read, “This concern was heightened by a 2015 analysis of U.S. state-level data on adolescent cigarette smoking that found that between 2002 and 2013, states that had passed e-cigarette MLSA laws had 0.9 percentage point higher smoking prevalence than states without such laws [16].” Similarly, the fourth paragraph of the Discussion should read, “Friedman [16] found a 0.9 percentage point increase over a 2 year period in current cigarette smoking in states that passed e-cigarette MLSA laws, compared with states that did not, using 2002–2003 and 2013–2014 National Survey on Drug Use and Health data. Abouk and Adams [19] found that current cigarette smoking among U.S. high school students declined approximately 2 percentage points after e-cigarette MLSA laws were enacted, which is generally consistent with the downward, although nonsignificant, trend observed in the present analysis. Finally, using 2007–2013 Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System data, Pesko et al. [17] found that e-cigarette MLSA laws were associated with a 0.8 percentage point increase in regular cigarette use (>=20 days out of the past 30 days).”